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Analytics and ROI: Why They are Business Critical

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We've All Gone through a Mindset Shift

Public Relations Engage Influencers One-to-Many Control the Brand Push the Message Speak as a Spokesmar

Measure outputs

Impact on reputation

Impact on business

Public Relationships Engage Stakeholders One-to-One & One-to-Many Manage the Brand Dialogue Speak as a Peer

Measure outcomes

Brand and Reputation Together

Can result in supportive stakeholder outcomes



Analytics and ROI: The Shared Language Between Reputation & Brand





PR Analytics Defined

PR an • a • lyt • ics \'pē-'är\ \ a-nə-'li-tiks∖



- 1. The application of advanced analytic models to public relations
- 2. PR Professional's use of the same statistical methods used by CMOs, advertisers and brand strategists
- 3. Provides the following:
 - A. Proof of the impact of earned media through statistical analysis
 - B. Ability to quantify the return on investment (ROI) of PR Activities
- 4. Methods that can be used to answer clients' toughest business questions

ROI of Corporate Communication Challenges We Face

- Brand equity is comprised of intangible parts
- Indirect association between PR and sales
- Understanding base vs. incremental results
- Industry is overall overwhelmed by ROI metrics while clients are demanding them
- Need to show ROI across a range of financial and non-financial indicators





Possible Non-Financial ROI Metrics

- Employee retention
- Calls to customer service line
- Loyalty behavior / Scope of purchases
 - Recommending brand
 - Repeat purchases
 - Customer retention



- Number of influencers advocating your message
- Online engagement with consumer base
- Community support for company initiatives
- Customer satisfaction
- Message recall

Measurement: Past, Present, and Future



Measurement: Best Practices

Outputs Contact/response level Reach, content

Frequency Visits Prominence Reader contacts Tonality Message impact Share of voice Journalist inquiries

Impact on media/channels

Outcomes

Perception/ behavioral level Knowledge, opinions, attitudes

Awareness Comprehension Recollection Recognition Credibility Image changes Recommendations Purchasing intentions

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Impact on

target groups

Business Results

Business level Added value

Revenue/turnover Contracts closed Reputation value Brand value Price-Effort Ratio Market share Stock price Employee Retention

Impact on organizations

Making Media Results Intelligible to Marketers: the Role of NPS

25% 0%

March-11

Sample Monthly Dashboard

	march 12		Monthly Net Change (+/-)
Total # of articles	306	356	-50
	225,045,393	257,438,455	-32,393,062
AMS (from -100 to 100)	61.6	53.8	7.8
	8.1	7.7	0.4
Message Penetration (% with 2+ messages)	52%	49%	3%
Tone (positive coverage)	62%	51%	11%



-	ector		March'12		Yearly Net Change (+(-)	
ared Coverage)		Total # of articles	306	288	18	
-	Lighting	Total # of impressions	225,045,393	248,811,816	-23,766,423	
86	CL	AMS (from -100 to 100)	61.6	52.2	9.4	
	Health care	Net Promoter Score (NPS)*	8.1	7.6	0.5	
6	Corporate	Message Penetration (% with 2+ messages)	52%	71%	-19%	
		Tone (positive coverage)	62%	55%	8%	

Compared with March 2011, most quality metrics improved while impressions and message penetration decreased.

 Year-overyear impressions declined. This was due in part to the large volume of somewhat negative business coverage focused on projected Q1 financial earnings in March of last year. There was no such negative financial coverage in March 2012. Coverage in 2012 focused instead on Eric Rondolatas the new Lighting CEO and product reviews.

- Quality scores (AMS, NPS, tone) increased year-on-year, helped by strong Corporate and Healthcare coverage. Nearly one-third of coverage in March of 2012 was
 neutral (32%) with the remaining (6%) negative in tone. Negative coverage mentioned the Roosendaal plant closing.
- Message penetration decreased from 2011 due to fewer stories in 2012 with negative financial and long-term strategy value messages form 2011. The most
 prominent messages in March of 2012 were financial strength and innovation. These messages were positive in tone, whereas in 2011 financial strength messaging
 was most prominent turker more negative in tone.

Year-over-year, volume of individual sector coverage increased for CL, while Corporate remained stable.

- Corporate improved in quality year-over-year. March 2012 coverage focused on leadership and company growth, whereas 2011 coverage mentioned profit warning
 and financials. The presence of fewer financial stories contributed to dips in volume and message penetration.
- CL decreased in reach (volume and impressions) and message penetration in 2012 AVM and Personal Care were the most prominent business units in 2012. Coverage was more positive in 2012 focusing on product reviews and innovation.
- Healthcare saw a decrease across quality metrics year-over-year, but saw an increase in reach due to articles around new products. Positive coverage in 2012 mentioned Philips' presence at the European Congress of Radiology.
- Quality metrics declined year-over-year for Lighting, while volume and reach increased. In March 2012, new product announcements, public lighting displays, and LEDs were featured in coverage. Coverage of the Roosendaal plant impacted quality metrics as wells a neutral coverage of the announcement of new Lighting CEO, EnroRodolat. This overage often included quation that delivered key messages around sustainability and energy efficiency.
- Overlapping sector coverage decreased from 2011, with 15% of March 2011 coverage discussing multiple sectors, compared to 10% in March 2012.

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Using Surveys to Measure Outcomes

- Adding Questions to existing tracking surveys
- Discrete Choice Analysis to measure how corporate reputation affects brand purchase decisions
- At Philips, this is a growing area of focus, but we have not fully cracked the code as of yet



Making Connections

- The key next step is to connect media measurement and standardize metrics utilizing existing research within corporations.
- Philips already has large quantity of data and information that can incorporate PR measurement.



Globescan: Advocates by Country

 Prompted, by Market, All ReActive advocates prominent in Netherlands, India, Brazil; few in Germany, US, UK respondents, 2011



Q9. I'd like you to imagine you were talking about each of these companies and the way they operate in the area of health and wellbeing (health and wellbeing can mean whatever you consider it to mean). Bearing this in mind, which of the following statements best reflects the way you would talk about each of the companies I am going to read out.

Globescan: Insights about Competitors

Performance vs Importance, All Respondents, 2011





Q11. I would now like to ask you about different aspects of some of the companies we have been talking about. I will read out a series of descriptions: please tell me to what extent you think each description applies to each of the companies, using the following scale: *Entirely / very much / to a fair extent / not very much / not at all*

Business Results Focus Often Uses Market Mix Modeling



What is Market Mix Modeling?

Modeling Objective: To determine the impact marketing spend has on business results, taking into account all tools for communication

- What is the impact on company results generated by specific communications measures?
- What is the optimal communications budget (ROI) in order to achieve the company's target?
- What media mix has the greatest effect on brand awareness?
- Which products in the portfolio drive sales best?
- Shall communication activities be planned parallel to competition or alternate?
- Which communications strategy is most successful?

Optimal Marketing Mix for Lead Generation

• Comparing the effectiveness of direct mail, radio advertising, online activity, and two forms of Point of Purchase materials

Channel	Dollars Spent Total (Annual)	Leads [*] Generated Per \$1,000	Total Leads Generated (Annual)		
Direct Mail	\$8.5 mi	7	59,747		
Radio	\$930K	5	4,645		
Online	\$189K	33	6,249		
РоР Н	\$ 227K	10	2,270		
PoP P	\$472K	23	11,126		

$R^2 = .668$

Model 1:Leads § = 96.51 + 0.007(Direct Mail)+ 0.005(Radio) + 0.033(Online) + .010(PoP H) + .023(PoP P) + 136(If summer) +168(If fall)

[§]Significant at p > 0.05 (2-sided)

Standardizing PR Data to fit into Market Mix Models

MMM Basic Data Requirements:

- 2-3 years of PR coverage
- Budgetary data
- The right output metrics
- The right format

Date (weekly)	Region	Impressions	Tone	Media channel	Initiative	Messages	Algorithm score*	Sales (w ee kly)
3.5.12	Oklahoma	23,233	Neutral	Print	Launch A	Χ, Υ	32	\$50,233
3.12.12	Detroit	150,920	Negative	Broadcast	Launch A	X, Z	2	\$90,698
3.19.12	Detroit	39,321	Neutral	Print	Goodwill	х	51	\$239,112
3.26.12	Miami	N/A	Positive	Print	Launch A	-	88	\$82,658
4.2.12	Oklahoma	15,663	Positive	Online	Goodwill	z	92	\$23,665
4.9.12	Miami	252,332	Positive	Online	Goodwill	-	79	\$1,325,125

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PR Wins

So, in Conclusion...

- Analytics offers a viable language for the CCO and CMO to converse and jointly build a company's business
- To date, PR has not consistently brought this skill set or lexicon to the conversation
- It begins with putting media results in a language understood by both marketers and communicators
- It continues with adding questions to the many surveys that most companies do that identify earned media effects, and the subsequent statistical analysis of that data
- And, for consumer-facing companies it also includes bringing PR output data into market mix and other analytical models through data normalization
- But all of this means that the communicator, the marketer and the research/analytics expert have to learn to sit in a room together